

## Protein Precipitation vs. Ion Suppression of Medium Polar Drugs on strata Impact Square Well Plate

**Column:** Gemini® 3 µm C18 110 Å, LC Column 150 x 3 mm, Ea

**Dimensions:** 150 x 3 mm ID

**Order No:** 00F-4439-Y0

**Elution Type:** Gradient

**Eluent A:** 0.1% Formic acid/Water

**Eluent B:** 0.08% Formic acid/Acetonitrile

Gradient Profile:	Step No.	Time (min)	Pct A	Pct B
	1	0	90	10
	2	5	50	50
	3	7	50	50

**Flow Rate:** 0.5 mL/min

**Col. Temp.:** ambient

**Detection:** Mass Spectrometer (MS) @ 249 amu (ambient)

**Analyst Note:** Protein Precipitation Protocol:

Phase: Strata Impact Square Well Plate, 2 mL (CEO-7565)

1. Dispense 300 µL acetonitrile into each well using an automatic pipettor.
2. Place the protein precipitation plate onto a suitable 96-well vacuum manifold. Make sure that a 96-well collection plate is positioned inside the manifold to collect the filtrate.
3. Dispense 100 µL of Porcine plasma into each well ( acetonitrile:plasma = 3:1). Let it stand for 2 mins (no vortex /mixing required).
4. Apply 5-10" of mercury for 30-40 secs.
5. Collect the filtrate and blow down to dryness under slow stream of nitrogen @ 40 deg. C.
6. Reconstitute with 100 µL of mobile phase containing 10.0 ng of analyte.

Note: For ion suppression or enhancement estimation, a set of 4 blank (100 µL of water instead of plasma) was run in parallel.

Observation:

Filtrate looked very clean and clear

Results:

Analyte	logP	m/z	% Variation	Effect
1. Pindolol	1.75	249	15%	Suppression
2. Metoprolol	1.88	268	13%	Suppression

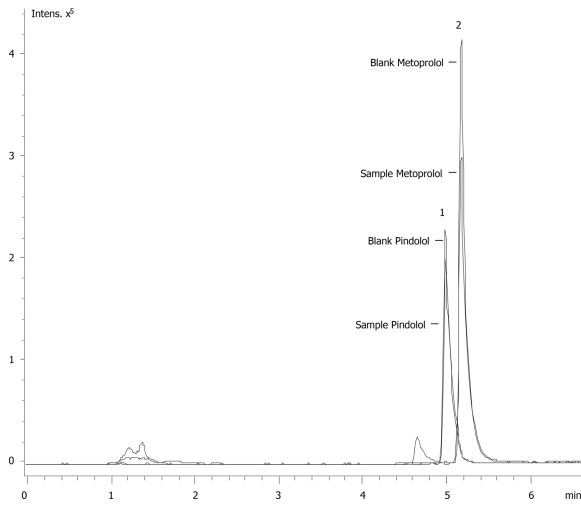


Products used in this application:



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### ANALYTES:

- 1 Pindolol
- 2 Metoprolol

